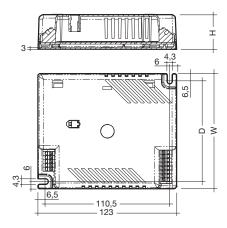
PCA TC-DD EC0 55 W 220-240 V 50/60/0 Hz, dimmable





- dimming range from 3-100 %
- lamp start at 3 %
- lamp friendly warm start within 1.5 s with AC and 0.6 s with DC
- switch via the mains or with digital control signal
- dimming which is comfortable to the eye
- disturbance free precise control with a digital signal (DSI) or switchDIM
- integrated SMART interface
- fully electronic lamp management and digital communication with ASIC and μC
- constant light output independent of fluctuating supply voltage
- DC operation in emergency lighting installations to VDE 0108
- safe shutdown of defective lamps
- safe shutdown of lamps at end of life (rectifying effect)
- automatic restart after lamp replacement
- operating frequency ~40-100 kHz

Packaging:

box of 10 50 boxes/pallet 500 pieces/pallet

Certified:

EN 55015 EN 55022 EN 60929 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61347-2-3 EN 61547 in accordance with VDE 0108

Lamp		Ballast											
watt-	type	type		article	LxWxH	fixing	weight	circuit	lamp	current	λ	tc point	temperature
age				number		centres		power	power	at 230V/50Hz	at 230V/50Hz		range
W				mm	D mm	kg	W 2	W 2	A②		°C	°C	
55	TC-DD	PCA 1/55 TC-DD E	CO 220-240V 50/60/0Hz	22086642	123x102x31	89.5	0.22	59.6	1x55	0.26	0.98	85	$-25 \rightarrow +50$

dimming to 3 % between 10 °C to ta max.

② valid at 100 % light output



Lamp starting characteristics:

Warm start Starting time 1.5 s with AC Starting time 0.6 s with DC Start at any dimming level

AC operation:

Mains voltage 220–240 V 50/60 Hz 198–264 V 50/60 Hz including safety tolerance (±10 %) 202–254 V 50/60 Hz including performance tolerance (+6 % / -8 %)

DC operation:

220–240 V 0 Hz 198–280 V 0 Hz certain lamp start 176–280 V 0 Hz operating range Use in emergency lighting installations according to VDE 0108 or for emergency luminaires according to EN 61347-2-3 appendix J.

Temperature range:

Dimming range 100 % to 3 % from 10 °C to maximum permissible ambient temperature ta. 100 % operation from -25 °C to maximum permissible ambient temperature ta.

Mains currents in DC operation:

Mains current at	Mains current at
$U_n = 220 \text{ VDC}$	$U_n = 240 \text{ VDC}$
0.21 A	0.20 A
	_
	$U_n = 220 \text{ VDC}$

Light output level in DC operation:

Default value is 70 % In DC operation dimming is not possible

Ballast lumen factor AC operation (AC-BLF) EN 60929 8.1:

ballast fumen factor AC operation (AC-DEF) EN 00323 0.1.							
Ballast	AC-BLF at						
Туре	Un = 230 VAC						
PCA 1/55 TC-DD ECO 220-240V 50/60/0Hz	1.04						

The ballast lumen factor for AC operation (AC-BLF) does not alter from $U_n = 198$ VAC to $U_n = 254$ VAC.

The ballast lumen factor for DC operation (DC-BLF) on the basis of an automatic power reduction of the ballasts (default value is 70 %) will be smaller than AC. It does not alter in the DC operating range (198–280 VDC).

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 220 V/50 Hz):

Ballast								
Туре		THD	3	5	7	9	11	
PCA 1/55 TC-DD EC0 220-24	40V 50/60/0Hz	13.1	12.1	4.4	2.6	1.5	0.8	



Dimming:

Dimming range 3 % to 100 % Digital control with DSI signal: 8 bit Manchester Code Maximum speed 3 % to 100 % in 1.4 s Dimming curve that is friendly to the eye.

Control input (D1, D2):

Digital DSI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (D1 and D2).

Digital signal DSI:

The control input is non-polar and protected against accidental connection with a mains voltage up to 264 V. The control signal is not SELV. Control cable should be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations

Different functions depending on each DSI module.

SMART interface:

An additional interface for the direct connection of the SMART-LS light sensor. The sensor registers actual ambient light and maintains the individually defined lux level.

After every mains reset the SMART interface automatically checks for an installed sensor. With the sensor installed the PCA ECO automatically runs in the constant lux level mode.

ON/OFF-Switch via mains, switchDIM or DSI signal. DSI signal = 0 switches off,

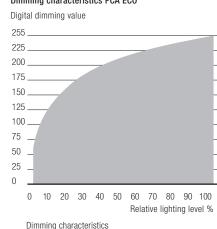
DSI signal ≥ 1 switches on.

Dimming with a DSI signal with the SMART-LS installed is not possible.

switchDIM enables a temporary change of liaht level.

The installation of the two wire bus is according to the appropriate low voltage regulations.

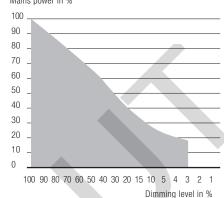
Dimming characteristics PCA ECO











switchDIM:

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a push to make switch for dimming and switching.

Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches ballast ON and OFF. The ballasts switch-ON at light level set at switch-OFF (Not in case of reset after mainsfailure - start at 100 %)

When the push to make switch is held, PCA ballasts are dimmed. After repush the PCA is dimmed in the opposite direction.

In installations with PCAs with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all PCAs can be synchronized

to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push. Use of push to make switch with indicator lamp is

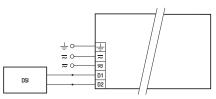
not permitted.

switchDIM is a very simple tool for controlling ballasts with conventional momentary-action switches or motion sensors.

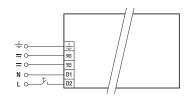
To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings.

Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM.



DSI PCA TC-DD ECO



switchDIM PCA TC-DD ECO

Loading of automatic circuit breakers: Automatic circuit

breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	
PCA 1/55 TC-DD ECO	22	32	44	50	11	16	22	25	

The wiring can be in flexible cable with ferules or solid with a cross section of $0.5-1.5 \text{ mm}^2$. For perfect function of the simple to use push-wire terminals the strip length should be 9 mm.

Installation instructions:

Wiring type and cross section:

Wiring advice:

The lead length is dependent on the capacitance of the cable.

Ballast	Terminal		Maximum capaci	tance allowed
Туре	Cold	Hot	Cold	Hot
PCA 1/55 TC-DD ECO	3, 4	1, 2	200 pF	100 pF

With standard solid wire 0.5/0.75 mm² the capacitance of the lead is 30-80 pF/m. This value is influenced by the way the wiring is made.

Lamp connection should be made with symmetrical wiring. Hot leads and cold leads should be separated as much as possible.



 $U_{out} = 250 \text{ V} 250$

wire preparation:

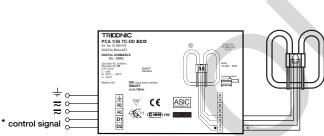
0.5 - 1.5 mm²

9 mm ±1

- RFI:Connection to the lamps of the hot leads must be kept as short as possible
- Mains leads should be kept apart from lamp leads (ideally 5–10 cm distance)
- Do not run mains leads adjacent to the electronic ballast
- Twist the lamp leads
- Keep the distance of lamp leads from the metal work as large as possible
- Ballast must be earthed
- Mains wiring to be twisted when through wiring
- Keep the mains leads inside the luminaire as short as possible

Important advise:

- When using two or more dimmable ballasts in one luminaire with separate dimming controls, the lamp leads must be kept separate
- All lamps must have the same length lead



 * leads 1, 2: keep wires short, max. 1.0 m leads 3, 4: max. 2.0 m
* * digital signal (DSI) or switchDIM

PCA TC-DD ECO 55 W

TRIDONIC